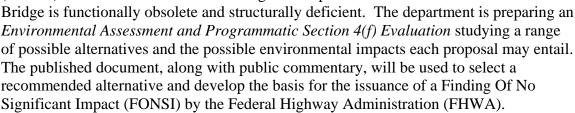
Public Information Meeting Proposed M-32 Spur Bridge Improvements July 27, 2006 – 3:30 p.m. to 7:00 p.m. Brush Creek Mill, Hillman

Introduction:

The Michigan Department of Transportation (MDOT) has determined that the existing M-32 Spur



Environmental Assessment:

An Environmental Assessment (EA) is a transparent process of gathering and analyzing data regarding a proposed project and the affected environment. The environment studied includes air and water quality, noise, threatened and endangered species, soils and hydrology, historic and archaeological resources; it also includes people. The EA will study the economic, social, and cultural make-up of the community. It will take into account community demographics and community values and vision.

The EA process is a dialogue between MDOT and the public, local officials and state and federal agencies that tests the various alternatives against the possible impacts to determine the alternative that best meets the purpose and need of the project with the least negative consequences. Public Involvement is essential to the MDOT decision-making process.

Section 4(f) Evaluation:

The M-32 Spur Bridge was built in 1922 from a design by the Michigan State Highway Department, forerunner of today's MDOT. It is 150 feet long, comprised of two 75' camelback spans. The prominent curved, or camelback, railings are integral to the structure.

According to the 1995 Michigan Historic Bridge Inventory, it was the fifth longest surviving example of a concrete camelback bridge designed by the highway department. The concrete camelback type is unique to Michigan and Ontario and was developed by C.V. Dewart, the highway department's first professional bridge engineer.



The bridge is eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). Historic properties that are listed or eligible for listing on the NRHP are protected under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (1966, as amended) and Section 4(f) of the Department of Transportation Act (1966, as amended). Section 106 requires public consultation for projects using federal dollars or requiring federal permits that may adversely impact historic properties. Section 4(f) requires that a project using federal dollars or permits must be designed to avoid, minimize, or mitigate adverse impacts to historic properties while meeting the project Purpose and Need.

Section 4(f) evaluation will also be required to determine impacts, if any, to adjacent public recreational parkland. Because Emerick Park used federal assistance from the Land and Water Conservation Funds Act for several improvements additional coordination with the Department of the Interior would be required if impacts are identified.

Purpose & Need:

The purpose of the proposed project is to correct operational and structural deficiencies of the existing historic bridge in order to maintain safe and efficient traffic flow in and out of Hillman.

The need to rehabilitate, expand, or replace the bridge is driven by specific deficiencies - functional obsolescence and structural deterioration. The existing two-lane bridge is twenty-feet wide and does not adequately accommodate wide vehicles crossing the bridge side-by-side. Although it is still structurally sound, the reinforced concrete structure has been damaged by over eighty years of weather and wear, and by intrusion of road salt. If structural deterioration is not corrected, vehicle weight limits may be necessary, precluding use by some vehicles.

Illustrative Alternatives:

Alternative 1	No-build	Presumes no work beyond normal maintenance activities. This action would fail to address narrow lanes, and the bridge would continue to deteriorate. Weight limits would eventually be required, negatively impacting commercial, school and emergency vehicle use of the crossing. No
		right-of-way would be required.
Alternative 2	Restore existing bridge	This action would follow the Secretary of Interior Standards for the rehabilitation of historic structures and would require considerable remedial work to assure structural integrity. Alone this action would not correct functional obsolescence. Additional right-of-way, some or all

		temporary, might be needed for grading
		purposes to correct the steep grade on the
		south side. The bridge would be shared
		one-way controlled by signals or signs.
Alternative 3A	Build one-lane bridge adjacent	This alternative would provide a one-way
(West)	to and retain existing bridge	pair and assumes the existing structure
(VVCSL)	to and retain existing orage	would be appropriately rehabilitated.
		Alternative 3A places the new structure to
		the west of the existing bridge and would
		require additional right-of-way, and would
		impact Section 4(f)/6(f) parkland. No
		detour would be required.
Alternative 3B	Build one-lane bridge adjacent	This alternative would provide a one-way
(East)	to and retain existing bridge	pair and assumes the existing structure
(Last)	to and retain existing orage	would be appropriately rehabilitated.
		Alternative 3A places the new structure to
		the east of the existing bridge and would
		require additional right-of-way, and would
		have residential and commercial
		relocations. No detour would be required.
Alternative 4A	Build two-lane bridge adjacent	The new bridge would carry motor vehicles
(West)	to and retain existing bridge	only, the existing bridge would be
()		rehabilitated for non-motorized traffic.
		Impacts described above in 3A would be
		increased. No detour would be required.
Alternative 4B	Build two-lane bridge adjacent	The new bridge would carry motor vehicles,
(East)	to and retain existing bridge	the existing bridge would be rehabilitated
		for non-motorized traffic. Impacts
		described above in 3B would be the same or
		somewhat greater. No detour would be
		required.
Alternative 5A	Build two-lane bridge adjacent	The new bridge would carry two-way
(West)	to and demolish existing	vehicular traffic and would include
	bridge	accommodations for non-motorized traffic.
		Impacts would be similar to 4A. No detour
A14 41 ===	D 111	would be required.
Alternative 5B	Build two-lane bridge adjacent	The new bridge would carry two-way
(East)	to and demolish existing	vehicular traffic and would include
	bridge	accommodations for non-motorized traffic.
		Impacts would be similar to 4B. No detour
Alternative 6	Build two-lane bridge on	would be required. This Illustrative Alternative would require a
Alternative 0	Build two-lane bridge on existing alignment	detour or the use of an adjacent temporary
	Calsting anginitent	crossing. A temporary crossing would
		require additional right-of-way on either the
		west or east side of the existing bridge. A
		west of east side of the existing offige. A

		detour would be of long duration, potentially long distance and may require roadway and/or bridge/culvert upgrades to accommodate heavy trucks. Requires demolition of historic bridge.
Alternative 7	Build new two-lane bridge on new alignment, rehabilitate existing bridge.	The location of the new alignment would likely be on a route with the closest proximity to the industrial park. Additional right-of-way would be required to accommodate construction of new roadway connections and possible upgrade of some existing roadway. This Illustrative Alternative would require substantial local participation.

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Project Website:

http://www.michigan.gov/mdotstudies and click on the project link "M-32 Spur Bridge Improvement Study."